Inosys

Real-Time Vessel Monitoring with Open-Source Tools: Leveraging PostgreSQL, PostGIS, and Python for Geospatial Analysis and Visualisation

FOSS4G:UK 12th November 2024 Rob Burgess

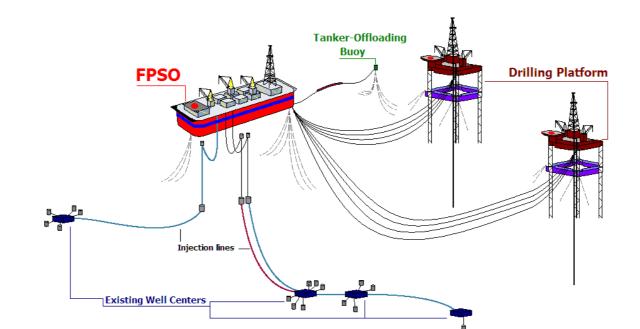
¹ Introduction

- Offshore energy project
- Facilities include platforms, FPSOs, subsea well clusters, and pipelines.



Floating production storage and offloading

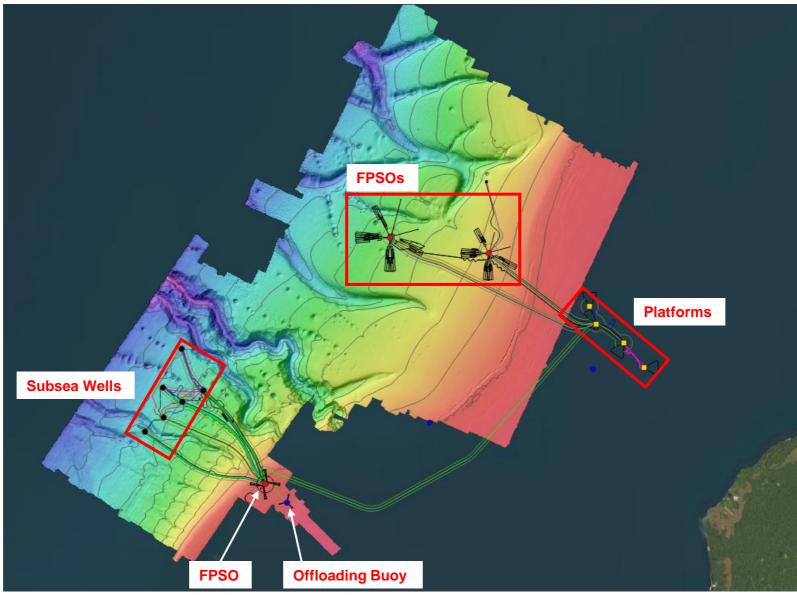






² Introduction

• Collection of energy facilities 25km off the coast of Equatorial Guinea, spanning 450 sq km.



³ Introduction

- Mooring Masters oversee vessel mooring and coordination.
- Tracking is crucial for efficient operations and safety.
- Need to monitor several key aspects of vessel movement:
 - The approach of vessels to the region and their safe arrival
 - The proximity of vessels to platforms and FPSOs, especially given presence of exclusion zones
 - Has a vessel strayed into a restricted zone?
 - Has a vessel spent too much time within a zone?
 - Has a vessel safely returned to port?
 - Is the vessel stationary or on the move?

AIS

- AIS (Automatic Identification System) for real-time vessel tracking
- Providers include MarineTraffic, Spire, and platform-based systems.
- AIS data typically updates every few minutes (variable).
- Key vessels tracked: Red Snapper, Red Fox, Siem Day
- Mooring Masters can use this data to track vessel movements



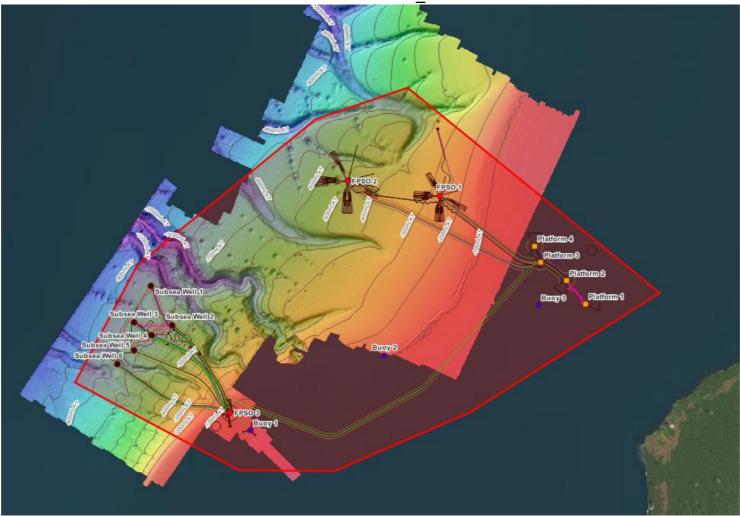




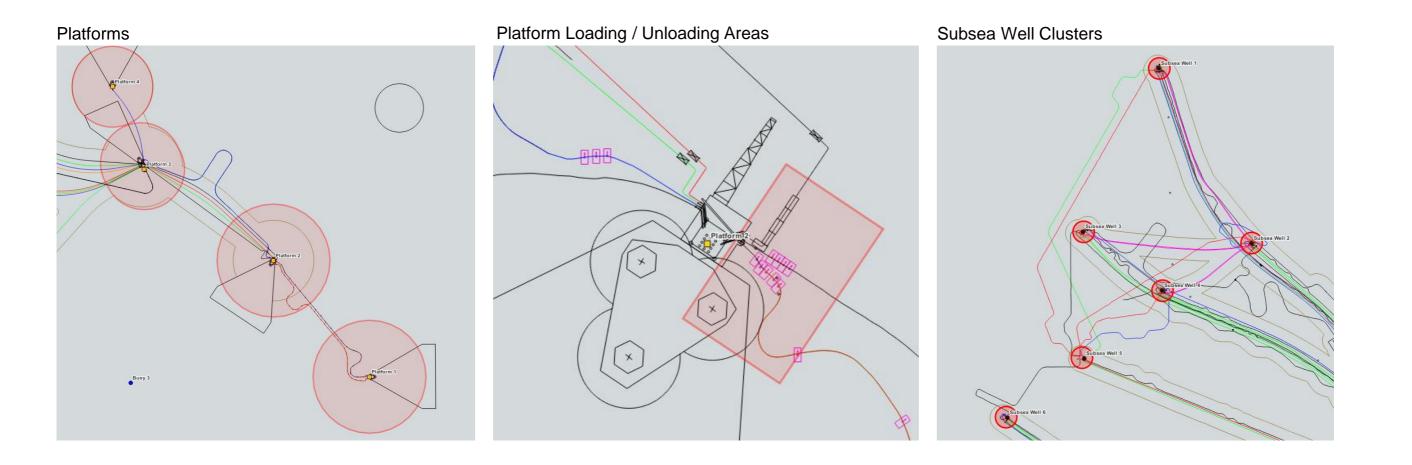
⁵ Geofences

• Create geofences around field, facilities and ports

In-Field Geofence – Vessels would be classified as in_field

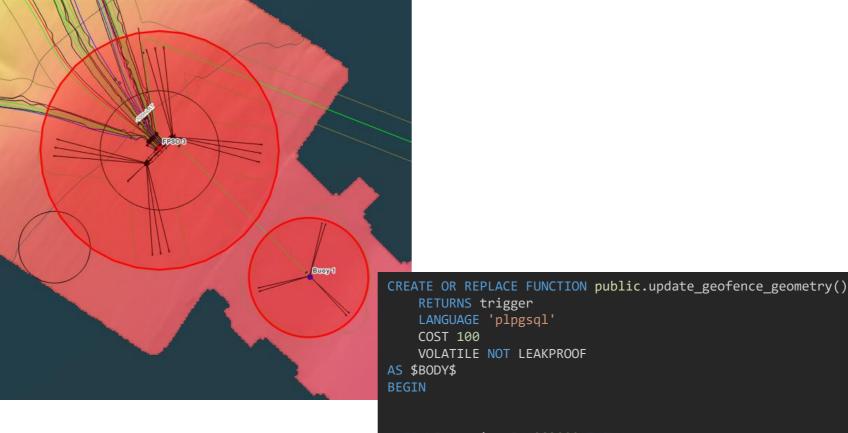


⁶ Geofences



⁷ Geofences

Dynamic Geofences - Vessels would be classified as being within a project geofence



IF NEW.mmsi = 566983000 THEN
 -- Create 700m buffer
 UPDATE geofences
 SET the_geom = ST_Transform(ST_Buffer(ST_Transform(NEW.the_geom, 32630), 700), 4326)
 WHERE location = 'Noble Venturer';

END IF;

RETURN NEW; END; \$BODY\$;

⁸ Geofences

Port Geofences – Vessels would be classified as in_port







9 Postgres LISTEN/NOTIFY

- Enables real-time, event driven communication between the database and external applications.
- LISTEN: we can set up a listener for incoming data
- NOTIFY: send a message to trigger an action in the external application



¹⁰ **Python Listener**

• Create a listener

```
Setting up the listener
```

```
def listen_for_geofencing_notifications():
    with get_db_connection() as conn:
        cursor = conn.cursor()
        cursor.execute("LISTEN vessel_event_channel;")
        print("Waiting for notifications on channel 'vessel_event_channel'")
```

Handling notifications

```
conn.poll()
while conn.notifies:
    notify = conn.notifies.pop(0)
    payload = notify.payload

    try:
        data = json.loads(payload)
        vessel_name = data.get('vessel_name')
        mmsi = data.get('timestamp')
        geom = data.get('timestamp')
        geom = data.get('speed')
        print(f"Got NOTIFY for MMSI: {mmsi}, Vessel Name: {vessel_name}, Timestamp: {timestamp}, Speed: {speed}")
```

Got NOTIFY for MMSI: 538006537, Vessel Name: Topaz Commander, Timestamp: 2024-10-10 09:33:30+00, Speed: 0.7

Process vessel position

process_vessel_geofencing(session, mmsi, vessel_name, timestamp, geom, speed)

¹¹ Identifying Geofence Intersections

Check for geofence intersections

Initialising Geofence Checks

geofences = get_geofences(session)

```
vessel_within_geofence = False
geofence_id = None
geofence_type = None
```

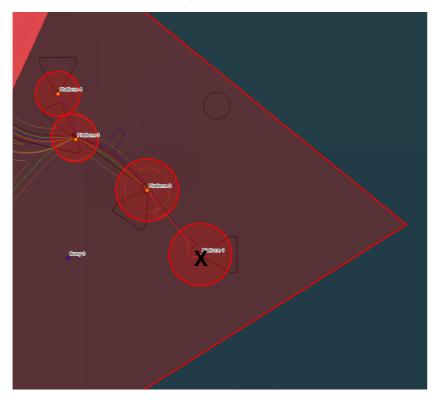
Initialise a list to store geofences that contain the vessel point
containing_geofences = []

```
for idx, geofence_row in geofences.iterrows():
    geofence_geom_raw = geofence_row['the_geom']
    geofence_geom_bytes = bytes(geofence_geom_raw)
    geofence_geom_proc = wkb.loads(geofence_geom_bytes)
```

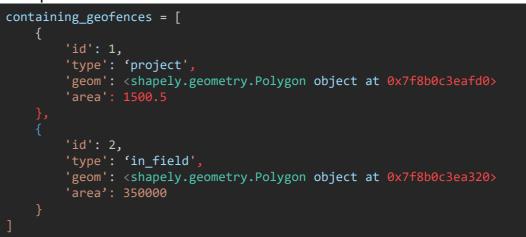
Checking Geofence Intersections

```
if geofence_geom_proc.contains(Point(ves_geom_proc)):
    area = geofence_geom_proc.area # Calculate the area of the geofence
    containing_geofences.append({
        'id': geofence_row['id'],
        'type': geofence_row['type'],
        'geom': geofence_geom_proc,
        'area': area
    })
```

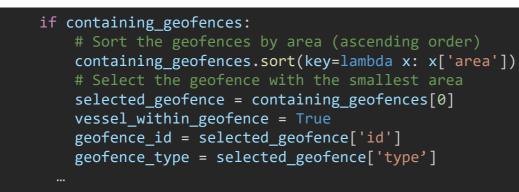
Identifying Geofence Intersections



Example Data Structure

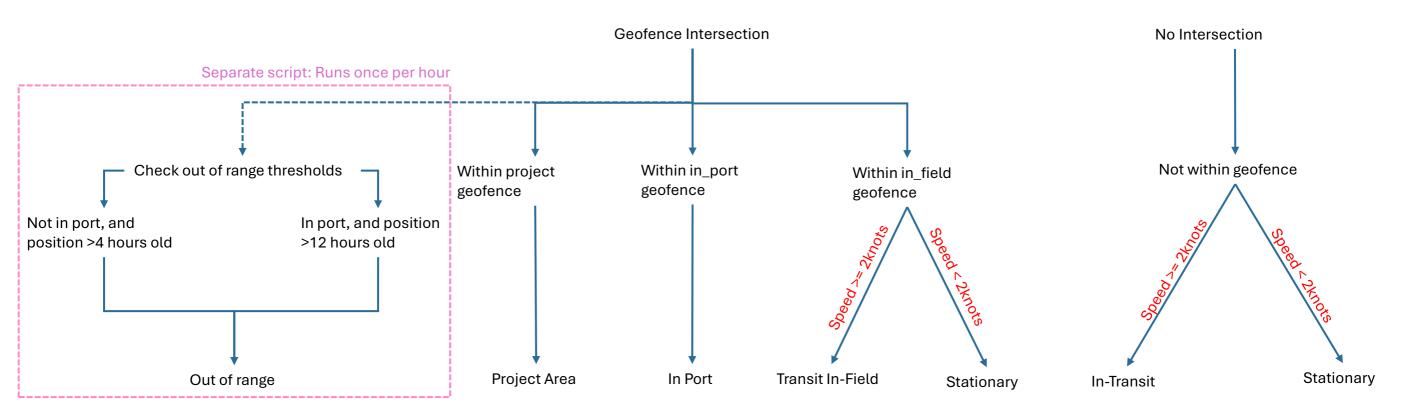


Select Smallest Geofence



¹³ **Determining Current State**

- Evaluates vessel state based on location within a geofence and vessel's speed.
- Returns specific states such as 'in_port,' 'transit_in_field,' 'stationary,' or 'in_transit' depending on geofence type and movement.



¹⁴ Visualising Data

• See demo

mmsi [pk]	timestamp [pk]	geofence_id	state
538006537	2024-10-04 16:00:00+00	38	project
538006537	2024-10-04 15:50:45+00	577	transit_in_field
538006537	2024-10-04 15:37:38.28+00	53	project
538006537	2024-10-04 15:35:46+00	577	transit_in_field
538006537	2024-10-04 15:30:00+00	43	project
538006537	2024-10-04 15:26:45+00	577	transit_in_field
538006537	2024-10-04 15:08:08.635+00	38	project
538006537	2024-10-04 14:43:40.765+00	577	transit_in_field
538006537	2024-10-04 06:02:02.752+00	24	project
538006537	2024-10-04 01:55:48.291+00		out_of_range
538006537	2024-10-03 21:55:48.291+00	577	stationary
538006537	2024-10-03 21:45:47.086+00	577	transit_in_field
538006537	2024-10-03 15:30:18.806+00		in_transit
538006537	2024-10-03 15:20:07.391+00	12	in_port
538006537	2024-10-03 15:19:09.615+00		in_transit



¹⁵ **Conclusions**

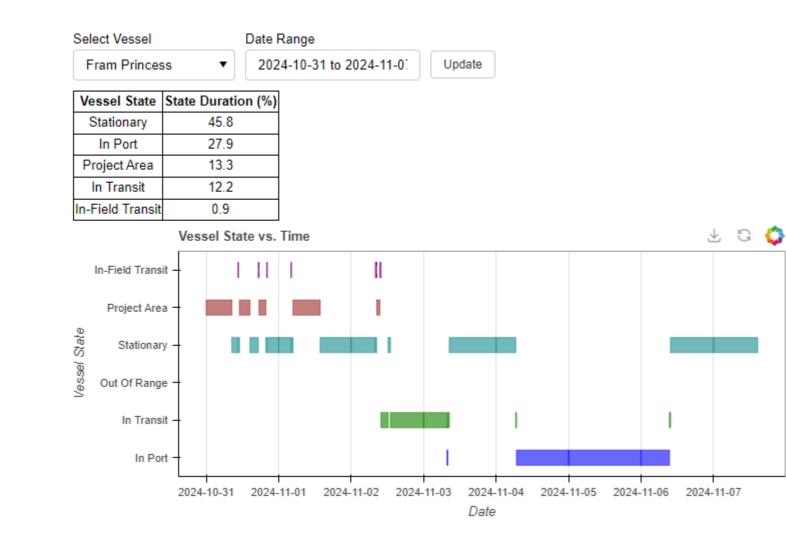
- Shown how we can use AIS data in combination with open source tools to track vessels around offshore energy facilities
- We sourced AIS data from multiple sources, identified vessels of interest, and created geofences
- Created a workflow to process incoming positions and determine their state

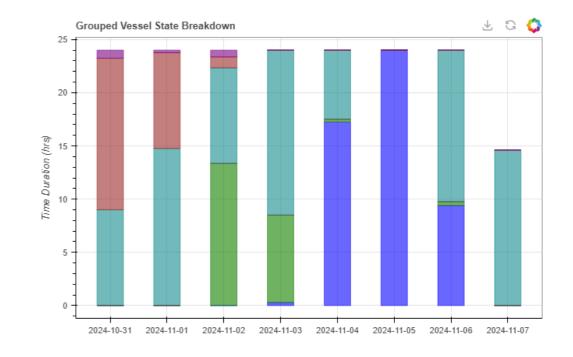


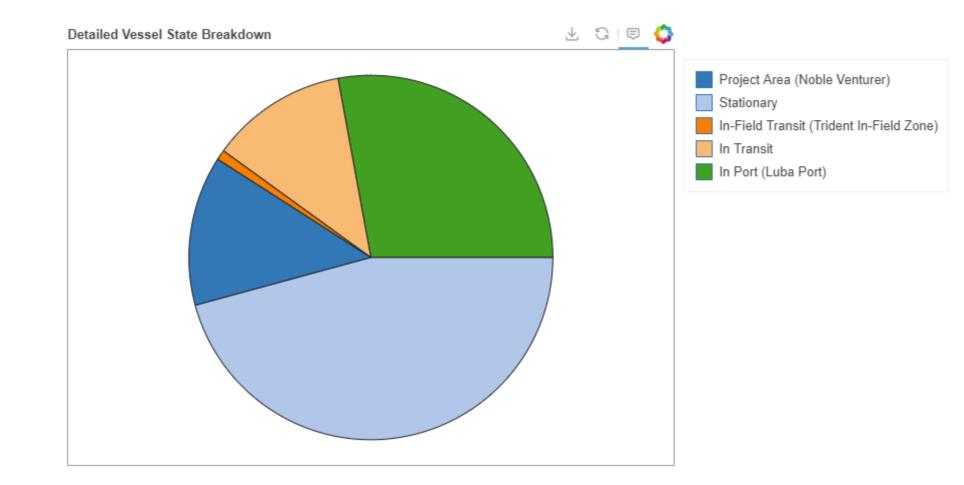
• We can visualise the data we collect using charting / dashboards

Thank you!

INOSYS







 Select Vessel
 Date Range

 5B-DDH
 ▼

 2024-09-13 to 2024-09-1!
 Update

 Vessel State State Duration (%)
 In Port

 In Port
 91.2

 In Transit
 8.1

 Project Area
 0.7

